EXAMINATION.

ADDENDA TO THE MYSORE LOCAL SERVICE AND PLEADERS' EXAMINATION RULES.

To Rule 5 add the following additional clause :—

Candidates appearing for the Examination in the Law of Practice and Procedure provided for by Rule 9 (*g*) must secure 35 per cent of the total marks allotted for the two papers for that Examination.

To Rule 9 add the following clause :—

(*g*) Persons required to pass an examination in the Law of Practice and Procedure under the Rules relating to the admission of Advocates will be allowed to appear for the paper on the Code of Civil Procedure and the Indian Limitation Act prescribed for the Civil Examination, Part II, and the paper on the Code of Criminal Procedure and Police Rules prescribed for the Criminal Examination.

To Rule 13 add :—

VIII. Law of Practice and Procedure Rs. 7.

The following Addenda to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders made under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of Mysore, are published for general information.

To Rule 1 add the following Clauses :—

(*f*) If the Applicant is a B. L. or M. L. of the Madras University by virtue of having passed the examinations prescribed for the said degrees held in or after 1900, he shall also produce a certificate from the Secretary to the Board of Examiners for the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations of having passed an examination in the Law of Practice and Procedure, Civil and Criminal, prevailing in the Chief Court and the Courts subordinate thereto.

(*g*) Any person intending to apply to be admitted as an Advocate shall give one month's notice in writing to the Registrar, stating his intention and shall also insert in the *Mysore Gazette* a like notice for three successive weeks prior to his application.

V. A. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR, *Registrar.*

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The 21st December 1900.

WANTED

Two Junior Accountants on Rs. 20. None but graduates need apply. Graduates in mathematics will be preferred. Applications accompanied by original certificates of character must reach this office before the 7th of January next.

E. R. SUBROYER, *Comptroller.*

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Notification D. No. 9, dated 28th November 1900.

THE MYSORE VERNACULAR UPPER SECONDARY EXAMINATION.

1. The Mysore Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination will be held annually on the 15th November or if that day happens to be a Sunday, on the 16th November and the following days at the Head-Quarters of each District and at Channapatna and Chikballapur.

2. The Mysore Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination will be open to—

(*a*) Headmasters and Assistant Masters employed in teaching the IV and V Vernacular classes of all Government, Municipal, Aided or other Recognised Schools,

(*b*) Pupils of Normal Schools,

(*c*) Pupils of Upper Secondary Vernacular or Sanskrit Schools,

(*d*) All other persons who will be regarded as private candidates, provided they have passed the Lower Secondary Examination. The President of the Board for the management of the Local Examinations will however exempt deserving candidates from the condition requiring them to have passed the Lower Secondary Examination, if they have been teachers in Government, Municipal, Aided or other Recognised Schools for a period of not less than three years.

3. Undergraduates of the Madras University will be allowed to appear for the Mysore Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination in the Language and Science subjects.

4. Applications for admission to the Mysore Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination shall be sent so as to reach the Manager, Mysore Local Examinations, Bangalore, not later than the 15th of August, on printed forms which may be obtained from the Local Examination Office at Bangalore.

5. No candidate shall be registered unless he has previously paid a fee of Rs. 5 if he be a teacher or pupil candidate, or a fee of Rs. 7 if he be a private candidate.

6. Candidates for the Mysore Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. FIRST LANGUAGE.—*Kannada.* There shall be three papers : one paper of three hours' duration on the prescribed text including explanation of selected passages and questions on Grammar, Idiom and Analysis ; one paper of two hours' duration on Advanced Grammar, Etymology and Prosody as treated in Sabdamani Darpana, Nagavarma's Chandas and Essay I of Kannada Upanyasamanjari of R. Raghunatha Rao ; and one paper of one hour's duration on Composition.

Hindustani.—There shall be three papers : one paper of three hours' duration on the prescribed text including explanation of selected passages and questions on Grammar, Idiom and Analysis; one paper of two hours' duration on Advanced Grammar, Etymology and Prosody as treated in Holroyd's Khayaide Urdu ; and one paper of one hour's duration on Composition.

Persian.—There shall be three papers one paper of three hour's duration on the prescribed text including translation into Hindustani : and explanation of selected passages and questions on Grammar, Idiom and Analysis ; one paper of two hours' duration on Grammar, Etymology and Prosody as treated in Manzar-ul-quwaid by Sell ; and one paper of one hour's duration on Translation of a passage in narrative style of moderate length and difficulty and of sentences from Hindustani into Persian.

II. SECOND LANGUAGE.—*Sanskrit.* In the Second Language there shall be two papers, each of three hours' duration : one paper on the prescribed Text-books and on the Grammar, Structure and Idiom of the Language as treated in Bhandarkar's First Book and Second Book Lessons I—XXI ; and one paper consisting of passages for translation from the Sanskrit Text-books into Kannada together with one unseen passage, (30 marks), also of a passage of narrative style of moderate length and difficulty as well as sentences for translation from Kannada into Sanskrit, (40 marks).

Persian.—The standard is the same as for Persian taken as the First Language.

Arabic.—In the Second Language there shall be two papers, each of three hours' duration. one paper on the prescribed Text-books* and on the Grammar, Structure and Idiom of the Language as treated in (1) Kitabu-Surf, (2) Mifta-ul-adab, Parts II and III, (3) Kitabun-nahon, (4) Darayat-ul-adab, Part I, (5) Hidayat-ul-nahon (nouns), (Bahase-isam) ; and one paper consisting of passages for translation from the Arabic Text-books into Hindustani together with one unseen passage (30 marks), also of a passage in narrative style of moderate length and difficulty as well as sentences for translation from Hindustani into Arabic (40 marks).

III. MATHEMATICS :—

(*a*) *Arithmetic.*—Pure and Recurring Decimals. Practical methods of shortening labor in Multiplication and Division. Practice, Simple and Compound Proportion, Simple and Compound Interest, Square and Cubic Measure. Extraction of Square and Cubic Root. Proportional parts. Percentages and Averages. Profit and Loss. Present Worth and Discount. Compound Interest. Stocks. A paper of the duration of two hours and a half.

(*b*) *Algebra.*—The four simple rules, Identities and Substitutions, Resolution into Factors, G. C. M. and L. C. M., Involution, Evolution, Fractions, Simple Equations of one unknown quantity with easy problems. A paper of the duration of one hour and a half.

*The Text Books in Arabic will be Muntakhabat-ul-Arabia, Chapter II, and Darayat-ul-adab, Part II.

(c) *Euclid and Mensuration.*—Book I with easy deductions. Easy problems ation of the standard prescribed for the Lower Secondary Examination. of two hours' duration.

IV. SCIENCE :—

(a) *Elementary Science.*—(1) Professor Kero Lakshmana Chhatre's Translation of Primer of Physics. (2) Cooke's Manual of Natural Philosophy. (3) As much of the Elements of Chemistry, Physics, Botany and Geology as is required for the teaching of Agriculture and Hygiene in Lower Secondary Schools. For Syllabus see Appendix. (4) A general knowledge of the nature, composition and uses of common objects—animal, vegetable and mineral—such as would be required for giving object lessons. A paper of two hours' duration.

(b) *Hygiene*—Indian Domestic Economy and Hygiene. A paper of two hours' duration.

(c) *Agriculture*—(For Syllabus see Appendix). A paper of two hours' duration.

Or,

Either Needle-work or Music.—(For female candidates only—Under Music it will suffice to take up either (1) Vocal Music or (2) one kind of Instrumental Music, the instrument chosen being the Vine, the Violin or the Pianoforte. The Syllabuses of Needle-work, of Vocal Music and of the Pianoforte, the Vine and the Violin are given in the appendix.

V. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY—

(a) *History*—(1) Outlines of the History of India up to 1876 A. D. (2) Outlines of the History of England up to 1858 A. D. A paper of three hours' duration.

(b) *Geography*—(1) Geikie's Primer of Physical Geography. (2) General Geography and the Geography of India in particular. (3) Map drawing—Map of some country or portion of a continent on prepared projections without outlines. A paper of three hours' duration.

7. The Vernacular Upper Secondary Examination shall be conducted in the order of time and subjects set forth in the following table, and the number of marks assignable to each subject shall be as therein specified :—

Days.	Hours.	Subjects.	Marks.	
First day ...	10— 1	*First Language.*—Kannada or Hindustani, Text-books	60	
	2— 4	Do do Advanced Grammar.	40	130
	4-5—5-5	Do do Composition..	30	
Second day ..	10— 1	*First or Second Language.*—Persian Text-books ..	60	
	2— 4	Do do Grammar ..	40	
	4-5—5-5	Do do Translation into Persian.	30	130
Third day ..	10— 1	*Second Language.*—Sanskrit or Arabic, Text-books and Grammar, Structure and Idiom.	60	
	2— 5	Translation	70	130
Fourth day ..	10—12	Euclid and Mensuration	40	
	1—3-30	Arithmetic	50	120
	3-35—5-5	Algebra	30	
Fifth day ..	10—12	Physical Science	40	
	1— 3	Hygiene	40	120
	3-5—5-5	Agriculture	40	
Sixth day ..	10— 1	History	50	100
	2— 5	Geography	50	
		Total ..	600	

The Examination in Needle-work and Music for Female Candidates will be held on the seventh day at a place and hour to be previously notified.

8. Candidates failing to obtain,

(1) 35 per cent of the marks assigned to the First Language, and

(2) 30 per cent of the marks assigned to each of the other subjects,

shall not pass.

Those of the successful candidates that obtain not less than sixty per cent of the aggregate number of marks shall be placed in the First Class, all others in the Second Class.

9. A certificate signed by the President of the Local Examination Board shall be given to each passed candidate, setting forth the date of the Examination, the First and Second Languages and the other subjects in which the candidate was examined and the class in which he was placed.

APPENDIX.—SYLLABUSES.

I. AGRICULTURE.

Objects and conditions of Agriculture.

Soils.—Formation. Physical characters. Fertility and barrenness. Improvement of Physical effects of rain, sun, &c., on soils. The sub-soil. Salt land, its formation and rovement.

(3) *Tillage.*—Objects of tillage. Deep and shallow tillage. Tillage of dry and wet lands. Ploughing, grubbing, sub-soiling, harrowing, ridging, rolling. Implements and tools used in tillage and seed-sowing. After cultivation.

(4) *Manuring.*—Treatment and application of farm manures. Green manuring. Use of special manures, *e. g.*, cakes, saltpetre, bones, lime, &c., commonly available in Southern India. Top dressing.

(5) *Irrigation.*—Economy, use, and application of water. Water-lifts in common use. Origin of springs: well-sinking.

(6) *Crops.*—Rotations and mixed cropping. Fallowing. Seeds. Germination and conditions favorable for germination. Pedigree influence. Collecting seed. Change of seed. Seed-sowing, thick and thin sowing. Shallow and deep sowing. Testing seed. Dressing seed. Transplanting.

The principal cereal, pulse, industrial, and fodder crops, *viz.*—Ragi, paddy, cumboo, tennai, cholum, maize, red-gram, Bengal-gram, horse-gram, black-gram, green-gram, ground-nut, castor-seed, gingelly, cotton, indigo, sugar-cane, tobacco, plantain.

Pasture land and its treatment. Storage of fodder.

(7) *Stock.*—Breeding, care and management of cattle and sheep. Breeds of Southern India Dairying.

Note—The whole subject shall be treated from a practical point of view, chemistry being introduced as little as possible. If chemistry is required, it should be of an elementary character.

ELEMENTS OF PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY (IN BRIEF OUTLINE).

Three states of matter. Atoms. Properties of Solids, Liquids and Gases. The Forces of nature briefly defined and illustrated. Heat. Sources of Heat. Effects of Heat. Transmission of Heat. The Thermometer. Elements and Compounds. Chemical compounds and mechanical mixtures. Solution and suspension. How chemical combination takes place in definite proportions. The elements forming the constituents of soils and plants. Chief chemical compounds forming the constituents of soils, plants and manures. General characters of acids, alkalies and salts.

The most important elements.—Oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, carbon, chlorine, sulphur, phosphorus, silicon, iron, aluminium, calcium, magnesium, sodium, potassium.

Water.—Hydrogen, its preparation, properties, &c. Oxygen, its preparation, properties, &c.

Air.—Nitrogen, its preparation, properties, &c. Carbonic acid, its preparation, properties, &c.

ELEMENTS OF GEOLOGY.

Rock defined. Sedimentary rocks. Organic rocks. Igneous rocks. Chemical composition of Quartz, Felspar group, Mica group, Hornblende and Augite groups, Zeolites. (The above to be demonstrated with samples.)

The Geology of the Province of Mysore as given in the Gazetteer.

ELEMENTS OF BOTANY (IN BRIEF OUTLINE).

Plant life. The root. The stem. The leaves. The flowers. Fertilization. The seed. The embryo. Germination. Nutrition of plants. Composition of plants.

II. NEEDLE-WORK.

Plain Needle-work :—

Hemming.	Stitching.	Patching.
Felling.	Button-holing.	Darning.

To cut out from a pattern and make a cotton jacket (Jubba) 15 inches long.

Gathering and putting into band, herring-boning.

To cut out and make a boy's cotton coat 18 inches long.

Fancy Needle-work :—

Crochet.

Knitting.

Crewel work.

To crochet or knit a boy's comforter.

To crochet or Knit a pair of baby's socks.

To knit a pair of boy's socks.

To embroider a boy's cap in crewel.

III. PIANOFORTE.

Hamilton or Hemy's Pianoforte Instructor (complete).

Major, Minor and chromatic scales.

Ten short easy pieces from series like E. Rimbaults' "The Young Pupil," W. Smallwood's "Home Treasures," James Bellak's "Dew Drops," &c.

Ten pieces of Dance Music (Duets and Solo) and ten easy accompaniments such as those of English ballads, Irish and Scotch songs.

Theory of Music. Names of various terms, meanings of various signs.

IV. ಗಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತಿಳಿಯೇಬೇಕಾದ ಅಂಶಗಳು.

(1) ಸರಳೆ.

ರಾಗ.	ತಾಳ.	ಸರಿಗಮ ಪಧನಿಸ। ಸನಿಧಪಮಗರಿಸ.
ಮೊಯಾ ಮೂಳವ ಗೌಳಿ.	ಆದಿತಾಳ.	
		(2) ವರಿಸೆಗಳು.
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗ, ಸರಿಗ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಾ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಮಗರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಮಧಪ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಧನಿಸ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಮಧಪ, ಸನಿರಿಸ, ಸನಿಧಪ ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಮಗರಿಗ, ಸರಿಗಮ, ಪಮಗಮ, ರಿಗಮಪ ॥
		(3) ಜಂಟಿ ವರಿಸೆಗಳು.
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನಿ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ಮಮ, ಪಪ, ಧಧ, ನಿನಿ, ಸನ, ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ಮಮ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ಮಮ, ಪಪ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ರಿರಿ, ಸನ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ಮಮ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾಸನ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ಮಾಮಮ, ಪಾಪಪ, ಧಾಧಧ, ನೀನಿನಿ, ಸಾಸನ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾಸನ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ಮಾಮಮ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ಮಾಮಮ, ಪಾಪಪ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾಸನ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಸಾಸನ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ಮಾಮಮ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನರಿ, ಸನರಿ, ಸರಿ, ಸನ, ರಿರಿ, ಗಗ, ಮಮ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನರಿ, ಸನರಿ, ಸರಿ, ಸಾಸನ, ರೀರಿರಿ, ಗಾಗಗ, ಮಾಮಮ॥
		(4) ಅಲಂಕಾರಗಳು.
ಡಿಟೋ	ಧೃವತಾಳ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ಗರಿ, ಸರಿಗರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ,
ಡಿಟೋ	ಮಠ್ಯತಾಳ	ಸರಿಗರಿ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ರೂಪಕತಾಳ	ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಝಂಪತಾಳ	ಸರಿಗ, ಸರಿ, ಸರಿಗಮಾ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ತ್ರಿಪುಟತಾಳ	ಸರಿಗ, ಸರಿಗಮ,
ಡಿಟೋ	ಅಟತಾಳ	ಸರೀಗಾ, ಸಾರಿಗಾ, ಮಾ, ಮಾ॥
ಡಿಟೋ	ಏಕತಾಳ	ಸರಿಗಮ, ರಿಗಮಪ॥
		(5) ಗೀತಗಳು.
ಮೆಲಹರಿ ರಾಗ	ರೂಪಕತಾಳ	ಸರಿಮಾಗರಿ, ಸರಿಗರಿಸಾ
ನಾಟಿ	ಏಕತಾಳ	ಸನಸನಿ, ಪನಸನಿ
ಮೋಹನ	ಡಿಟ್ಟೋ	ಗಪಧನ, ಧಧರಿಸ
ಕಾಂಭೋಜಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾನಿಪ, ಧಧನಿಸಾ
ಸುರಟಿ	ತ್ರಿಪುಟತಾಳ	ನಿಸರಿ, ಮಗರೀ, ರೀರಿಸ, ನಿಸಾ
ಕಲ್ಯಾಣಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸನ, ಸನಿ, ಧನಿಸನಿ, ಧಪ, ಧಪಮಪ
ಬೇಗಡೆ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಪಮಗಮ, ಪಾಧಪ, ನಿಧಪ, ಮಗಮಪ
ಆನಂದಭೈರವಿ	ಏಕತಾಳ	ನಿಧನಿಸ, ಸಾಸನ, ಗರಿಸನಿ, ನಿಧಪಮ
ಶ್ರೀರಾಗ	ತ್ರಿಪುಟ	ಸನಿಸ, ರಿಮಮಪ, ಪಮರಿ, ರಿಗರಿಸ
ಮಧ್ಯಮಾವತಿ	ಏಕತಾಳ	ಸಾನಿನಿ, ಪಾಮರಿ, ಪಪಮಾ, ರಿರಿಸಾ
		(6) ಸ್ವರಜತಿಗಳು.
ಕನ್ನಡ	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಸಾ, ನೀಸಧಾಪಮ, ಗಾಮೆಧಾ
ಹಂಸಧ್ವನಿ	ರೂಪಕ	ಸಾ, ಸನಿಪ, ಗರಿಸಾ, ನಿಪನಿಸಾ
ಆರಭಿ	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಸಾ, ಸನಿಧಧ, ಪಪಮಗ, ರಿರಿಸಾ
ಕಾಪಿ	ರೂಪಕ	ಪಾ, ಧನಿಪಮಾ, ಧಪಮರೀ, ಗಮರಿಸಾ
ಸಾರಂಗ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾ, ಸನಿಧಪ, ಮರೀ, ಗಮರಿಸಾ

ರಾಗ.	ತಾಳ.	
		(7) ವರ್ಣಗಳು.
ಕಲ್ಯಾಣಿ	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ವನಜಾಕ್ಷಿರೊ
ಸಾರಂಗ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಇಂತ ಮೋಡಿಶಾಯ
ಶ್ರೀರಾಗ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾಮಿನಿನ್ನೇಕೋರಿ
ಶಂಕರಾಭರಣ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸಾಮಿನಿನ್ನೇಕೋರಿ
ಕಮಾಜು	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸರಸಮು ದೆಲುಪುರ
		(8) ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು.
ಕಮಾಜು	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಸಾರಸಸಮಮುಖ
ಜನರಂಜನಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸ್ಮರಣೇಸುಖಂ
ಆನಂದಭೈರವಿ	ಚಾಪು	ಹಿಮಾಚಲತನಯ ಬ್ರೋ
ನಾರಾಯಣಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಮಹಿಷಾಸುರಮರ್ದಿನಿ ನಮೋಮಿ
ಖರಹರಪ್ರಿಯ	ರೂಪಕ	ರಘುವೀರ ರಣಧೀರ
ಡಿಟೋ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಬಕಮಾಟ ಬಕಬಾಣಮು
ಫರ್ಜ್	ಚಾಪು	ತ್ರಿಲೋಕಮಾತ ನನುಬ್ರೋವು
ಪೂರ್ಣಷಡ್ಜ	ರೂಪಕ	ಲಾವಣ್ಯರಾಮ ಕನುಲಾರಜೂಡರೆ
ಗರುಡಧ್ವನಿ	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಆನಂದಸಾಗರ ಮಿಾದನಿ
ಮಾಂಜಿ	ರೂಪಕ	ರಾಮಚಂದ್ರೇಣ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಿತೋಹಂ
		ಕಾಯೈ ಶ್ರೀಗೌರಿ (ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್ ಮಟ್ಟು)
		(9) ಮಟ್ಟುಗಳು.
ಬೇಹಾಗು	ರೂಪಕ	ತ್ರಿಪುರಸುಂದರೀ, ತಾರಾಧೀಶನಿಭಾನನೆ
ಫರ್ಜ್	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಮಂಗಳಂ ಶಂಕರಿ ದೇಹಿಮೇ
ಕಮಾಜು	ರೂಪಕ	ಪಾಲಿಸು ಶ್ರೀಪಾಲೇಯಪರ್ವತಬಾಲೆ
ಕಾಪಿ	ಆದಿತಾಳ	ಪರಿಪಾಹಿ ನಂದಗೋಪಬಾಲ
ಸುರಟಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಶ್ರೀಶಂಭೋ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣಮೂರ್ತೇ
ಭೈರವ	ರೂಪಕ	ಶಂಕರಿ ಮಾಂ ಪಾಲಯಾಶು
ಬೇಹಾಗು	ಡಿಟೋ	ಸುವ್ವಿಸುವ್ವಿಯನುಚುಬಾಡರೆ
ಖರಹರಪ್ರಿಯ	ಡಿಟೋ	ರಘುಕುಲನಾಯಕಾ ನತೇಪ್ಸಿತಾರ್ಥದಾಯಕ
ಜುಂಜೂಟಿ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಇಂದಿರೇ ಮಾಮಕೀನ ಮಂದಿರೇನಿವಸನದಾ
ಖರಹರಪ್ರಿಯ	ಡಿಟೋ	ಕಂತುಕ ಬೇಲನಂ ಕಲಯ ಕಮಲ ಲೋಚನ

V. ವೀಣೆ, ಪಿಟೀಲು ಇವುಗಳ ವಾದನಕ್ಕೆ ತಿಳಿಯಬೇಕಾದ ಅಂಶಗಳು.

ಗಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪಟ್ಟಿಯಂತೆಯೇ; ಆದರೆ (9) ನೇ ಪ್ರಕರಣದ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಮಟ್ಟುಗಳಿಗೆ ಬದಲಾಗಿ ಕೆಳಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿರುವ 45 ತಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಬಾಜಿಸಬೇಕು.

ತಾನಗಳು (ರಿಕ್ತಿ)

	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ.
ನಾಟ	10
ಗೌಳ	5
ವರಾಳಿ	5
ಆರಭಿ	5
ಶ್ರೀರಾಗ	5
ನಾರಾಯಣಗೌಳ	5
ರೀತಿಗೌಳ	5
ಕೇದಾರ	5